

$\eta(1475)$

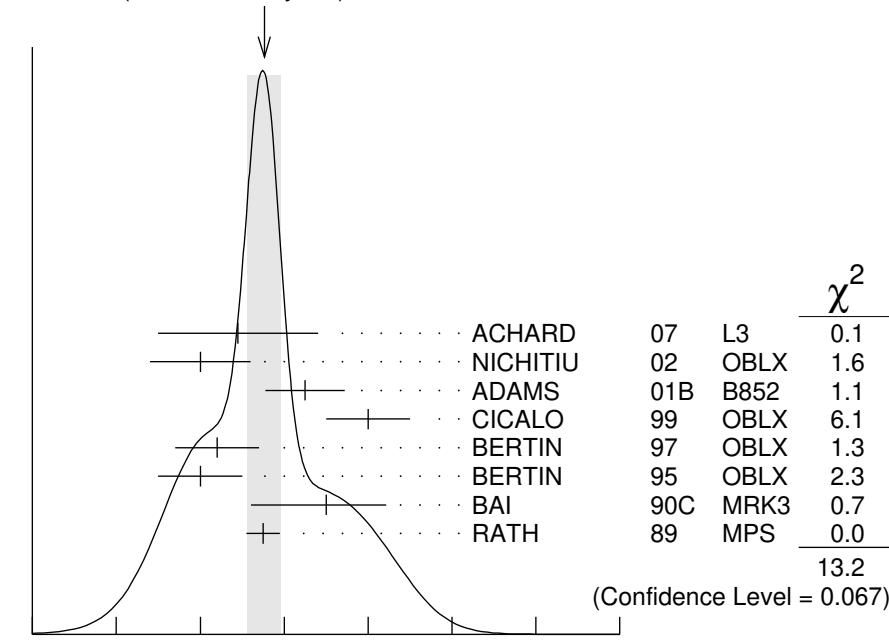
$I^G(J^{PC}) = 0^+(0^{-+})$

See the $\eta(1405)$ and the related review on "Spectroscopy of Light Meson Resonances."

$\eta(1475)$ MASS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1475 ± 4 OUR AVERAGE				
1469 $\pm 14 \pm 13$	74	ACHARD	07 L3	183–209 $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$
1460 ± 12	3651	NICHITIU	02 OBLX	$0 \bar{p}p \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$
1485 $\pm 8 \pm 5$	20k	ADAMS	01B B852	18 GeV $\pi^- p \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0 n$
1500 ± 10		CICALO	99 OBLX	$0 \bar{p}p \rightarrow K^\pm K_S^0 \pi^\mp \pi^+ \pi^-$
1464 ± 10		BERTIN	97 OBLX	$0 \bar{p}p \rightarrow K^\pm (K^0) \pi^\mp \pi^+ \pi^-$
1460 ± 10		BERTIN	95 OBLX	$0 \bar{p}p \rightarrow K\bar{K} \pi\pi\pi$
1490 $^{+14}_{-8} {}^{+3}_{-16}$	1100	BAI	90C MRK3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$
1475 ± 4		RATH	89 MPS	$21.4 \pi^- p \rightarrow n K_S^0 K_S^0 \pi^0$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
1477 $\pm 7 \pm 13$		¹ ABLIKIM	18I BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\phi(1020)$
1565 $\pm 8 {}^{+0}_{-63}$		² ABLIKIM	15T BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K_S^0 K_S^0 \eta$
1421 ± 14		AUGUSTIN	92 DM2	$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K\bar{K}\pi$

WEIGHTED AVERAGE
1475±4 (Error scaled by 1.4)



$\eta(1475)$ mass (MeV)

¹ From a fit to $\gamma\phi$ invariant mass. Angular analysis consistent with $J^{PC} = 0^{-+}$. Other J^{PC} not excluded.

² Could also be the $\eta(1405)$.

$\eta(1475)$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
90± 9 OUR AVERAGE		Error includes scale factor of 1.6. See the ideogram below.			
67±18± 7	74	ACHARD	07 L3	183–209 $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$	
120±15	3651	NICHITIU	02 OBLX	$0 \bar{p}p \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	
98±18± 3	20k	ADAMS	01B B852	18 GeV $\pi^- p \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0 n$	
100±20		CICALO	99 OBLX	$0 \bar{p}p \rightarrow K^\pm K_S^0 \pi^\mp \pi^+ \pi^-$	
105±15		BERTIN	97 OBLX	0.0 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow K^\pm (K^0) \pi^\mp \pi^+ \pi^-$	
105±15		BERTIN	95 OBLX	$0 \bar{p}p \rightarrow K\bar{K} \pi\pi\pi$	
54 ⁺³⁷⁺¹³ -21-24		BAI	90C MRK3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$	
51±13		RATH	89 MPS	21.4 $\pi^- p \rightarrow n K_S^0 K_S^0 \pi^0$	

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

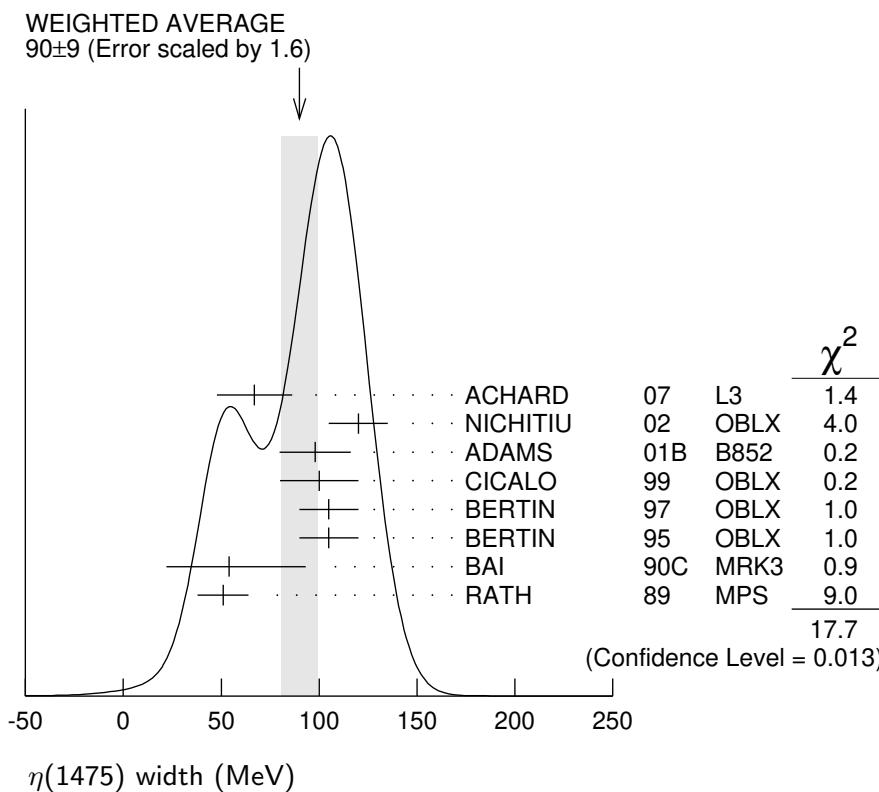
118±22±17 ¹ ABLIKIM 18I BES3 $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\phi(1020)$

45⁺¹⁴⁺²¹
-13-28 ² ABLIKIM 15T BES3 $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K_S^0 K_S^0 \eta$

63±18 AUGUSTIN 92 DM2 $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma K\bar{K}\pi$

¹ From a fit to $\gamma\phi$ invariant mass. Angular analysis consistent with $J^{PC} = 0 - +$. Other J^{PC} not excluded.

² Could also be the $\eta(1405)$.



$\eta(1475)$ DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)
$\Gamma_1 K\bar{K}\pi$	seen
$\Gamma_2 K\bar{K}^*(892) + \text{c.c.}$	seen
$\Gamma_3 a_0(980)\pi$	seen
$\Gamma_4 \gamma\gamma$	seen
$\Gamma_5 K_S^0 K_S^0 \eta$	possibly seen
$\Gamma_6 \gamma\phi(1020)$	possibly seen

$\eta(1475) \Gamma(i)\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma(\text{total})$

$\Gamma(K\bar{K}\pi) \times \Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_1\Gamma_4/\Gamma$
<u>VALUE (keV)</u>	<u>CL%</u> <u>EVTS</u>
$0.23 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.05$	74
	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u> <u>TECN</u> <u>COMMENT</u>
	1 ACHARD 07 L3 $183 - 209 e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •	
< 0.089	90
	2,3 AHOHE 05 CLE2 $10.6 e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$

¹ Supersedes ACCIARRI 01G. Using $B(K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-) = 0.6895$.

² Using $\eta(1475)$ mass of 1481 MeV and width of 48 MeV. The upper limit increases to 0.140 keV if the world average value, 87 MeV, of the width is used.

³ Assuming three-body phase-space decay to $K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp$.

$\eta(1475)$ BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(K\bar{K}^*(892) + \text{c.c.})/\Gamma(K\bar{K}\pi)$	Γ_2/Γ_1
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u> <u>TECN</u> <u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •	
0.50 \pm 0.10	1 BAILLON 67 HBC 0.0 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow K\bar{K}\pi\pi\pi$

¹ Data could also refer to $\eta(1405)$.

$\Gamma(K\bar{K}^*(892) + \text{c.c.})/[\Gamma(K\bar{K}^*(892) + \text{c.c.}) + \Gamma(a_0(980)\pi)]$	$\Gamma_2/(\Gamma_2 + \Gamma_3)$
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u> <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> <u>TECN</u> <u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •	
< 0.25	90 EDWARDS 82E CBAL $J/\psi \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0 \gamma$

$\Gamma(\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma(K\bar{K}\pi)$	Γ_4/Γ_1
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u> <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> <u>TECN</u> <u>COMMENT</u>
$< 1.27 \times 10^{-3}$	90 1 ABLIKIM 180 BES3 $\psi(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma\gamma\gamma$

¹ Using results from BAI 00D.

$\Gamma(\gamma\phi(1020))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	Γ_6/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u> <u>TECN</u> <u>COMMENT</u>
possibly seen	1 ABLIKIM 18I BES3 $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\phi(1020)$

¹ Seen as a peak in $\gamma\phi$ invariant mass. Angular analysis consistent with $J^{PC} = 0^-+$. Other J^{PC} not excluded. Also see $\eta(1405)$.

$\eta(1475)$ REFERENCES

ABLIKIM	18I	PR D97 051101	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BESIII Collab.)
ABLIKIM	18O	PR D97 072014	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BESIII Collab.)
ABLIKIM	15T	PRL 115 091803	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BESIII Collab.)
ACHARD	07	JHEP 0703 018	P. Achard <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
AHOHE	05	PR D71 072001	R. Ahohe <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
NICHITIU	02	PL B545 261	F. Nichitiu <i>et al.</i>	(OBELIX Collab.)
ACCIARRI	01G	PL B501 1	M. Acciari <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
ADAMS	01B	PL B516 264	G.S. Adams <i>et al.</i>	(BNL E852 Collab.)
BAI	00D	PL B476 25	J.Z. Bai <i>et al.</i>	(BES Collab.)
CICALO	99	PL B462 453	C. Cicalo <i>et al.</i>	(OBELIX Collab.)
BERTIN	97	PL B400 226	A. Bertin <i>et al.</i>	(OBELIX Collab.)
BERTIN	95	PL B361 187	A. Bertin <i>et al.</i>	(OBELIX Collab.)
AUGUSTIN	92	PR D46 1951	J.E. Augustin, G. Cosme	(DM2 Collab.)
BAI	90C	PRL 65 2507	Z. Bai <i>et al.</i>	(Mark III Collab.)
RATH	89	PR D40 693	M.G. Rath <i>et al.</i>	(NDAM, BRAN, BNL, CUNY+)
EDWARDS	82E	PRL 49 259	C. Edwards <i>et al.</i>	(CIT, HARV, PRIN+)
BAILLON	67	NC 50A 393	P.H. Baillon <i>et al.</i>	(CERN, CDEF, IRAD)