

6. Atomic and Nuclear Properties of Materials

Material	Dielectric constant ($\kappa = \epsilon/\epsilon_0$) () is $(\kappa-1) \times 10^6$	Young's modulus [10^6 psi]	Coeff. of thermal expansion for gas [10^{-6} cm/cm-°C]	Specific heat [cal/g-°C]	Electrical resistivity [$\mu\Omega\text{cm}(@^\circ\text{C})$]	Thermal conductivity [cal/cm-°C-sec]
H ₂	(253.9)	—	—	—	—	—
He	(64)	—	—	—	—	—
Li	—	—	56	0.86	8.55(0°)	0.17
Be	—	37	12.4	0.436	5.885(0°)	0.38
C	—	0.7	0.6-4.3	0.165	1375(0°)	0.057
N ₂	(548.5)	—	—	—	—	—
O ₂	(495)	—	—	—	—	—
Ne	(127)	—	—	—	—	—
Al	—	10	23.9	0.215	2.65(20°)	0.53
Si	11.9	16	2.8-7.3	0.162	—	0.20
Ar	(517)	—	—	—	—	—
Ti	—	16.8	8.5	0.126	50(0°)	—
Fe	—	28.5	11.7	0.11	9.71(20°)	0.18
Cu	—	16	16.5	0.092	1.67(20°)	0.94
Ge	16.0	—	5.75	0.073	—	0.14
Sn	—	6	20	0.052	11.5(20°)	0.16
Xe	—	—	—	—	—	—
W	—	50	4.4	0.032	5.5(20°)	0.48
Pt	—	21	8.9	0.032	9.83(0°)	0.17
Pb	—	2.6	29.3	0.038	20.65(20°)	0.083
U	—	—	36.1	0.028	29(20°)	0.064