

# ϕ(2170)

$$I^G(J^{PC}) = 0^-(1^{--})$$

See the review on "Spectroscopy of Light Meson Resonances."

## ϕ(2170) MASS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>2163 ± 7</b>	<b>OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		
2190 ± 19 ± 37		<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	22L BES3	2.0–3.08 e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> → K <sup>+</sup> K <sup>-</sup> π <sup>0</sup>
2176 ± 24 ± 3		<sup>2</sup> ABLIKIM	21A BES3	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> → ωη
2163.5 ± 6.2 ± 3.0		<sup>3</sup> ABLIKIM	21T BES3	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> → φη
2177.5 ± 4.8 ± 19.5		<sup>4</sup> ABLIKIM	20M BES3	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> → η'φ
2126.5 ± 16.8 ± 12.4		<sup>5</sup> ABLIKIM	20S BES3	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> → K <sup>+</sup> K <sup>-</sup> π <sup>0</sup> π <sup>0</sup>
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
2273.7 ± 5.7 ± 19.3		<sup>6</sup> ABLIKIM	21AP BES3	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> → K <sub>S</sub> <sup>0</sup> K <sub>L</sub> <sup>0</sup>
2135 ± 8 ± 9	95	ABLIKIM	19I BES3	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> → ηφf <sub>0</sub> (980)
2239.2 ± 7.1 ± 11.3		<sup>7</sup> ABLIKIM	19L BES3	e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> → K <sup>+</sup> K <sup>-</sup>
2200 ± 6 ± 5	471	ABLIKIM	15H BES3	J/ψ → ηφπ <sup>+</sup> π <sup>-</sup>
2180 ± 8 ± 8		<sup>8,9</sup> LEES	12F BABR	10.6 e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> → φπ <sup>+</sup> π <sup>-</sup> γ
2079 ± 13 <sup>+79</sup> / <sub>-28</sub>	4.8k	<sup>10</sup> SHEN	09 BELL	10.6 e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> → K <sup>+</sup> K <sup>-</sup> π <sup>+</sup> π <sup>-</sup> γ
2186 ± 10 ± 6	52	ABLIKIM	08F BES	J/ψ → ηφf <sub>0</sub> (980)
2125 ± 22 ± 10	483	AUBERT	08S BABR	10.6 e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> → φηγ
2192 ± 14	116	<sup>11</sup> AUBERT	07AK BABR	10.6 e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> → K <sup>+</sup> K <sup>-</sup> π <sup>+</sup> π <sup>-</sup> γ
2169 ± 20	149	<sup>11</sup> AUBERT	07AK BABR	10.6 e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> → K <sup>+</sup> K <sup>-</sup> π <sup>0</sup> π <sup>0</sup> γ
2175 ± 10 ± 15	201	<sup>9,12</sup> AUBERT,BE	06D BABR	10.6 e <sup>+</sup> e <sup>-</sup> → K <sup>+</sup> K <sup>-</sup> ππγ

<sup>1</sup> By a simultaneous fit of the K<sub>2</sub><sup>\*</sup>(1430)<sup>+</sup>K<sup>-</sup> and K<sup>\*</sup>(892)<sup>+</sup>K<sup>-</sup> intermediate channels in a partial-wave analysis, assuming the same structure, modelled with a coherent sum of a nonresonant component and a resonant component by a Breit-Wigner function.

<sup>2</sup> From a fit to the cross section between 2.00 and 3.08 GeV with a coherent sum of Breit-Wigner amplitudes, including contributions from ω(1420) and ω(1650)/φ(1680).

<sup>3</sup> From a fit to the cross section below 3.5 GeV measured by BaBar and BESIII with a coherent sum of two modified Breit-Wigner amplitudes (φ(1680) and φ(2170)) and a nonresonant term.

<sup>4</sup> From a fit using a coherent sum of a phase-space modified Breit-Wigner function and a phase-space term.

<sup>5</sup> By a simultaneous fit of the intermediate channels in a partial-wave analysis, assuming the same structure, modelled with a coherent sum of a nonresonant component and a resonant component by a Breit-Wigner function.

<sup>6</sup> From a fit to the cross section between 2.00 and 3.08 GeV with a sum of Breit-Wigner amplitude and a nonresonant contribution. The observed structure can be also due to ρ(2150).

<sup>7</sup> The observed structure can be due to both the φ(2170) and ρ(2150).

<sup>8</sup> Fit includes interference with the φ(1680).

<sup>9</sup> From the φf<sub>0</sub>(980) component.

<sup>10</sup> From a fit with two incoherent Breit-Wigners.

<sup>11</sup> From the  $K^+ K^- f_0(980)$  component.

<sup>12</sup> Superseded by LEES 12F.

### $\phi(2170)$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>103</b> $\begin{matrix} +28 \\ -21 \end{matrix}$	<b>OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 2.2. See the ideogram below.		
191 $\pm 28 \pm 60$		<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	22L BES3	2.0–3.08 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$
89 $\pm 50 \pm 5$		<sup>2</sup> ABLIKIM	21A BES3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \omega \eta$
31.1 $\begin{matrix} +21.1 \\ -11.6 \end{matrix} \pm 1.1$		<sup>3</sup> ABLIKIM	21T BES3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \phi \eta$
149.0 $\pm 15.6 \pm 8.9$		<sup>4</sup> ABLIKIM	20M BES3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \eta' \phi$
106.9 $\pm 32.1 \pm 28.1$		<sup>5</sup> ABLIKIM	20S BES3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0 \pi^0$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
86 $\pm 44 \pm 51$		<sup>6</sup> ABLIKIM	21AP BES3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow K_S^0 K_L^0$
104 $\pm 24 \pm 12$	95	ABLIKIM	19I BES3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \eta \phi f_0(980)$
139.8 $\pm 12.3 \pm 20.6$		<sup>7</sup> ABLIKIM	19L BES3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^-$
104 $\pm 15 \pm 15$	471	ABLIKIM	15H BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \eta \phi \pi^+ \pi^-$
77 $\pm 15 \pm 10$		<sup>8,9</sup> LEES	12F BABR	10.6 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \phi \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$
192 $\pm 23 \begin{matrix} +25 \\ -61 \end{matrix}$	4.8k	<sup>10</sup> SHEN	09 BELL	10.6 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$
65 $\pm 23 \pm 17$	52	ABLIKIM	08F BES	$J/\psi \rightarrow \eta \phi f_0(980)$
61 $\pm 50 \pm 13$	483	AUBERT	08S BABR	10.6 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \phi \eta \gamma$
71 $\pm 21$	116	<sup>11</sup> AUBERT	07AK BABR	10.6 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$
102 $\pm 27$	149	<sup>11</sup> AUBERT	07AK BABR	10.6 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma$
58 $\pm 16 \pm 20$	201	<sup>9,12</sup> AUBERT, BE	06D BABR	10.6 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi \pi \gamma$

<sup>1</sup> By a simultaneous fit of the  $K_2^*(1430)^+ K^-$  and  $K^*(892)^+ K^-$  intermediate channels in a partial-wave analysis, assuming the same structure, modelled with a coherent sum of a nonresonant component and a resonant component by a Breit-Wigner function.

<sup>2</sup> From a fit to the cross section between 2.00 and 3.08 GeV with a coherent sum of Breit-Wigner amplitudes, including contributions from  $\omega(1420)$  and  $\omega(1650)/\phi(1680)$ .

<sup>3</sup> From a fit to the cross section below 3.5 GeV measured by BaBar and BESIII with a coherent sum of two modified Breit-Wigner amplitudes ( $\phi(1680)$  and  $\phi(2170)$ ) and a nonresonant term.

<sup>4</sup> From a fit using a coherent sum of a phase-space modified Breit-Wigner function and a phase-space term.

<sup>5</sup> By a simultaneous fit of the intermediate channels in a partial-wave analysis, assuming the same structure, modelled with a coherent sum of a nonresonant component and a resonant component by a Breit-Wigner function.

<sup>6</sup> From a fit to the cross section between 2.00 and 3.08 GeV with a sum of Breit-Wigner amplitude and a nonresonant contribution. The observed structure can be also due to  $\rho(2150)$ .

<sup>7</sup> The observed structure can be due to both the  $\phi(2170)$  and  $\rho(2150)$ .

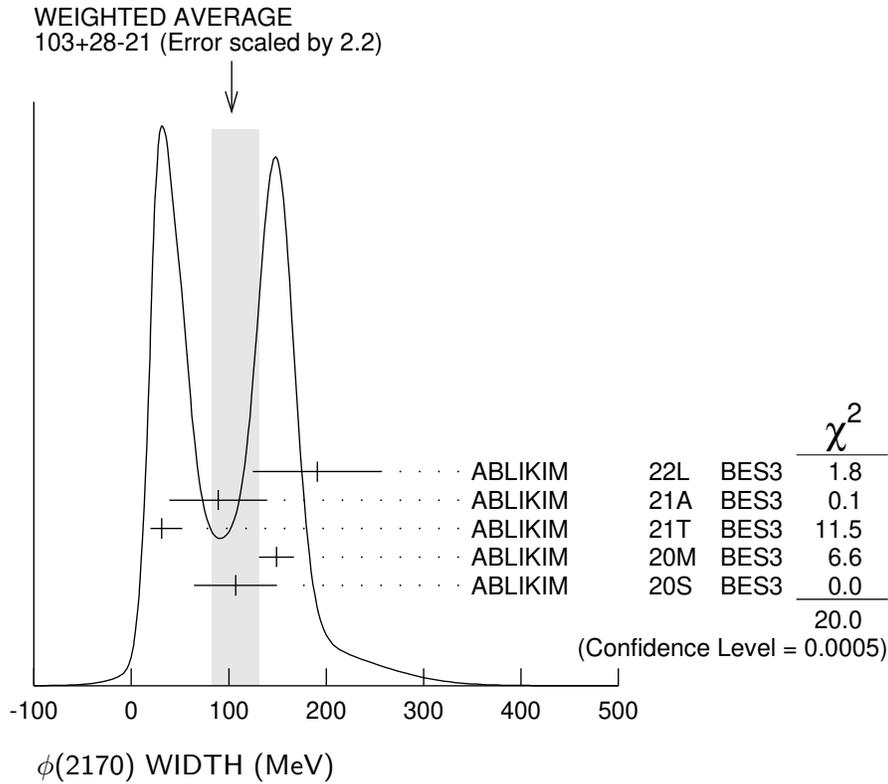
<sup>8</sup> Fit includes interference with the  $\phi(1680)$ .

<sup>9</sup> From the  $\phi f_0(980)$  component.

<sup>10</sup> From a fit with two incoherent Breit-Wigners.

<sup>11</sup> From the  $K^+ K^- f_0(980)$  component.

<sup>12</sup>Superseded by LEES 12F.



### $\phi(2170)$ DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )
$\Gamma_1$ $e^+ e^-$	seen
$\Gamma_2$ $\phi\eta$	seen
$\Gamma_3$ $\omega\eta$	seen
$\Gamma_4$ $\phi\eta'$	seen
$\Gamma_5$ $\phi\pi\pi$	
$\Gamma_6$ $\phi f_0(980)$	seen
$\Gamma_7$ $K_S^0 K_L^0$	
$\Gamma_8$ $K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	
$\Gamma_9$ $K^+ K^- f_0(980) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen
$\Gamma_{10}$ $K^+ K^- \pi^0 \pi^0$	
$\Gamma_{11}$ $K^+ K^- f_0(980) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0 \pi^0$	seen
$\Gamma_{12}$ $K^{*0} K^\pm \pi^\mp$	not seen
$\Gamma_{13}$ $K^*(892)^0 \bar{K}^*(892)^0$	not seen
$\Gamma_{14}$ $K^*(892)^+ K^*(892)^-$	
$\Gamma_{15}$ $K^*(892)^+ K^- + c.c.$	
$\Gamma_{16}$ $K(1460)^+ K^- + c.c.$	
$\Gamma_{17}$ $K_1(1270)^+ K^- + c.c.$	

$$\Gamma_{18} \quad K_1(1400)^+ K^- + \text{c.c.}$$

$$\Gamma_{19} \quad K_2^*(1430)^+ K^- + \text{c.c.}$$

### $\phi(2170) \Gamma(i)\Gamma(e^+ e^-)/\Gamma(\text{total})$

$$\Gamma(\phi\eta) \times \Gamma(e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \qquad \Gamma_2\Gamma_1/\Gamma$$

VALUE (eV)	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●					
0.17	90		<sup>1</sup> ZHU	23 BELL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma(nS) \rightarrow \phi\eta\gamma$
$0.24^{+0.12}_{-0.07}$			<sup>2</sup> ABLIKIM	21T BES3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \phi\eta$
$1.7 \pm 0.7 \pm 1.3$		483	AUBERT	08S BABR	$10.6 e^+ e^- \rightarrow \phi\eta\gamma$

<sup>1</sup> From a solution of the fit using a vector meson dominance model with contributions from  $\phi(1680)$ ,  $\phi(2170)$  and non resonant contribution with mass and width of  $\phi(2170)$  fixed at 2163.5 MeV and 31.1 MeV respectively. Four solutions are found with equal fit quality giving 0.17 eV (solution I and II) and 18.6 eV (III and IV) at 90% CL.

<sup>2</sup> From a solution of the fit to the cross section below 3.5 GeV measured by BaBar and BESIII with a coherent sum of two modified Breit-Wigner amplitudes ( $\phi(1680)$  and  $\phi(2170)$ ) and a nonresonant term. The other solution gives  $10.11^{+3.87}_{-3.13}$  eV.

$$\Gamma(\omega\eta) \times \Gamma(e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \qquad \Gamma_3\Gamma_1/\Gamma$$

VALUE (eV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>0.43 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.04</math></b>	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	21A BES3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \omega\eta$

<sup>1</sup> For constructive interference with  $\omega(1420)$  and  $\omega(1650)/\phi(1680)$ . For destructive interference:  $1.25 \pm 0.48 \pm 0.18$  eV.

$$\Gamma(\phi\eta') \times \Gamma(e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \qquad \Gamma_4\Gamma_1/\Gamma$$

VALUE (eV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>7.1 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.7</math></b>	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	20M BES3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \eta'\phi$

<sup>1</sup> From a fit using a coherent sum of a phase-space modified Breit-Wigner function and a phase-space term.

$$\Gamma(\phi f_0(980)) \times \Gamma(e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \qquad \Gamma_6\Gamma_1/\Gamma$$

VALUE (eV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>2.3 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.3</math></b>		<sup>1,2</sup> LEES	12F BABR	$10.6 e^+ e^- \rightarrow \phi\pi^+\pi^-\gamma$

● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●

$2.5 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.4$	201	<sup>2,3</sup> AUBERT, BE	06D BABR	$10.6 e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi\pi\gamma$
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<sup>1</sup> From a fit with constructive interference with the  $\phi(1680)$ . In a fit with destructive interference, the value is larger by a factor of 12.

<sup>2</sup> From the  $\phi f_0(980)$  component.

<sup>3</sup> Superseded by LEES 12F.

$$\Gamma(K_S^0 K_L^0) \times \Gamma(e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \qquad \Gamma_7\Gamma_1/\Gamma$$

VALUE (eV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.9 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.7$	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	21AP BES3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow K_S^0 K_L^0$

● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●

<sup>1</sup> From a fit to the cross section between 2.00 and 3.08 GeV with a sum of Breit-Wigner amplitude and a nonresonant contribution. The observed structure can be also due to  $\rho(2150)$ .

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^+ K^*(892)^-) \times \Gamma(e^+ e^-) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{14} \Gamma_1 / \Gamma$

VALUE (eV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<1.9	90	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	20S BES3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0 \pi^0$

<sup>1</sup> By a simultaneous fit of the intermediate channels in a partial-wave analysis, assuming the same structure, modelled with a coherent sum of a nonresonant component and a resonant component by a Breit-Wigner function.

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^+ K^- + \text{c.c.}) \times \Gamma(e^+ e^-) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{15} \Gamma_1 / \Gamma$

VALUE (eV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$1.0 \pm 0.3$	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	22L BES3	$2.0-3.08 e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$1.0 \pm 0.3$  <sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM 22L BES3  $2.0-3.08 e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$

<sup>1</sup> From a solution of a simultaneous fit of the  $K_2^*(1430)^+ K^-$  and  $K^*(892)^+ K^-$  intermediate channels in a partial-wave analysis, assuming the same structure, modelled with a coherent sum of a nonresonant component and a resonant component by a Breit-Wigner function. The other solution gives  $7.1 \pm 0.9$  eV. Significance  $3.7 \sigma$ .

$\Gamma(K(1460)^+ K^- + \text{c.c.}) \times \Gamma(e^+ e^-) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{16} \Gamma_1 / \Gamma$

VALUE (eV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$3.0 \pm 3.8$	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	20S BES3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0 \pi^0$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$3.0 \pm 3.8$  <sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM 20S BES3  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0 \pi^0$

<sup>1</sup> By a simultaneous fit of the intermediate channels in a partial-wave analysis, assuming the same structure, modelled with a coherent sum of a nonresonant component and a resonant component by a Breit-Wigner function.

$\Gamma(K_1(1270)^+ K^- + \text{c.c.}) \times \Gamma(e^+ e^-) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{17} \Gamma_1 / \Gamma$

VALUE (eV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<12.5	90	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	20S BES3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0 \pi^0$

<12.5 90 <sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM 20S BES3  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0 \pi^0$

<sup>1</sup> By a simultaneous fit of the intermediate channels in a partial-wave analysis, assuming the same structure, modelled with a coherent sum of a nonresonant component and a resonant component by a Breit-Wigner function. A second solution of the fit with equal fit quality gives an upper limit value of 297.6 eV.

$\Gamma(K_1(1400)^+ K^- + \text{c.c.}) \times \Gamma(e^+ e^-) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{18} \Gamma_1 / \Gamma$

VALUE (eV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$4.7 \pm 3.3$	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	20S BES3	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0 \pi^0$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$4.7 \pm 3.3$  <sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM 20S BES3  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0 \pi^0$

<sup>1</sup> By a simultaneous fit of the intermediate channels in a partial-wave analysis, assuming the same structure, modelled with a coherent sum of a nonresonant component and a resonant component by a Breit-Wigner function. A second solution of the fit with equal fit quality gives a value of  $98.8 \pm 7.8$  eV.

$\Gamma(K_2^*(1430)^+ K^- + \text{c.c.}) \times \Gamma(e^+ e^-) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{19} \Gamma_1 / \Gamma$

VALUE (eV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$12.6 \pm 2.4$	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	22L BES3	$2.0-3.08 e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$12.6 \pm 2.4$  <sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM 22L BES3  $2.0-3.08 e^+ e^- \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$

<sup>1</sup> From a solution of a simultaneous fit of the  $K_2^*(1430)^+ K^-$  and  $K^*(892)^+ K^-$  intermediate channels in a partial-wave analysis, assuming the same structure, modelled with a coherent sum of a nonresonant component and a resonant component by a Breit-Wigner function. The other solution gives  $161.1 \pm 20.6$  eV.

### $\phi(2170) \Gamma(i)\Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma^2(\text{total})$

$$\frac{\Gamma(\phi\pi\pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_5/\Gamma \times \Gamma_1/\Gamma}$$

VALUE (units  $10^{-7}$ )    EVTS    DOCUMENT ID    TECN    COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.65±0.15±0.18    4.8k    <sup>1</sup> SHEN    09 BELL    10.6  $e^+e^- \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-\gamma$

<sup>1</sup> Multiplied by 3/2 to take into account the  $\phi\pi^0\pi^0$  mode. Using  $B(\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-) = (49.2 \pm 0.6)\%$ .

### $\phi(2170)$ BRANCHING RATIOS

$$\frac{\Gamma(K^+K^-f_0(980) \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_9/\Gamma}$$

VALUE    DOCUMENT ID    TECN    COMMENT

seen    AUBERT    07AK BABR    10.6  $e^+e^- \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-\gamma$

$$\frac{\Gamma(K^+K^-f_0(980) \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{11}/\Gamma}$$

VALUE    DOCUMENT ID    TECN    COMMENT

seen    AUBERT    07AK BABR    10.6  $e^+e^- \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^0\pi^0\gamma$

$$\frac{\Gamma(K^{*0}K^\pm\pi^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{12}/\Gamma}$$

VALUE    DOCUMENT ID    TECN    COMMENT

not seen    AUBERT    07AK BABR    10.6 GeV  $e^+e^-$

$$\frac{\Gamma(K^*(892)^0\bar{K}^*(892)^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}}{\Gamma_{13}/\Gamma}$$

VALUE    DOCUMENT ID    TECN    COMMENT

not seen    ABLIKIM    10C BES2     $J/\psi \rightarrow \eta K^+\pi^-K^-\pi^+$

### $\phi(2170)$ REFERENCES

ZHU	23	PR D107 012006	W. Zhu <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
ABLIKIM	22L	JHEP 2207 045	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BESIII Collab.)
ABLIKIM	21A	PL B813 136059	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BESIII Collab.)
ABLIKIM	21AP	PR D104 092014	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BESIII Collab.)
ABLIKIM	21T	PR D104 032007	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BESIII Collab.)
ABLIKIM	20M	PR D102 012008	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BESIII Collab.)
ABLIKIM	20S	PRL 124 112001	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BESIII Collab.)
ABLIKIM	19I	PR D99 012014	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BESIII Collab.)
ABLIKIM	19L	PR D99 032001	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BESIII Collab.)
ABLIKIM	15H	PR D91 052017	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BESIII Collab.)
LEES	12F	PR D86 012008	J.P. Lees <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
ABLIKIM	10C	PL B685 27	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BES II Collab.)
SHEN	09	PR D80 031101	C.P. Shen <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
ABLIKIM	08F	PRL 100 102003	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BES Collab.)
AUBERT	08S	PR D77 092002	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
AUBERT	07AK	PR D76 012008	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
AUBERT,BE	06D	PR D74 091103	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)