

Illustrative Key to the Particle Listings

Name of particle. "Old" name used before 1986 renaming scheme also given if different. See the section "Naming Scheme for Hadrons" for details.

$a_0(1200)$

$I^G(JPC) = 1^-(0^{++})$

Particle quantum numbers (where known).

OMMITTED FROM SUMMARY TABLE

Evidence not compelling, may be a kinematic effect.

Indicates particle omitted from Particle Physics Summary Table, implying particle's existence is not confirmed.

Quantity tabulated below.

Top line gives our best value (and error) of quantity tabulated here, based on weighted average of measurements used. Could also be from fit, best limit, estimate, or other evaluation. See next page for details.

$a_0(1200)$ MASS

Footnote number linking measurement to text of footnote.

VALUE (MeV)

EVTS

DOCUMENT ID

TECN

CHG

COMMENT

1206 ± 7 OUR AVERAGE

1210 ± 8 ± 9

1198 ± 10

1216 ± 11 ± 9

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1192 ± 16

200

• 1 Systematic error was added quadratically by us in our 1986 edition.

LYNCH

81

HBC ± 2.7 $\pi^- p$

Number of events above background.

Measured value used in averages, fits, limits, etc.

Error in measured value (often statistical only; followed by systematic if separately known; the two are combined in quadrature for averaging and fitting.)

Measured value not used in averages, fits, limits, etc. See the Introductory Text for explanations.

Arrow points to weighted average.

Shaded pattern extends $\pm 1\sigma$ (scaled by "scale factor" S) from weighted average.

Value and error for each experiment.

$a_0(1200)$ WIDTH



$a_0(1200)$ DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level
$\Gamma_1 3\pi$	(65.2 ± 1.3) %	S=1.7
$\Gamma_2 K\bar{K}$	(34.8 ± 1.3) %	S=1.7
$\Gamma_3 \eta\pi^\pm$	< 5 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%

Scale factor > 1 indicates possibly inconsistent data.
Reaction producing particle, or general comments.

“Change bar” indicates result added or changed since previous edition.

Charge(s) of particle(s) detected.

Ideogram to display possibly inconsistent data. Curve is sum of Gaussians, one for each experiment (area of Gaussian = 1/error; width of Gaussian = \pm error). See Introductory Text for discussion.

Contribution of experiment to χ^2 (if no entry present, experiment not used in calculating χ^2 or scale factor because of very large error).

Branching ratio.

Our best value (and error) of quantity tabulated, as determined from constrained fit (using all significant measured branching ratios for this particle).

Weighted average of measurements of this ratio only.

Footnote (referring to LYNCH 81).

Confidence level for measured upper limit.

References, ordered inversely by year, then author.

“Document id” used on data entries above.

Journal, report, preprint, etc. (See abbreviations on next page.)

$a_0(1200)$ BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(3\pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	Γ_1/Γ
0.652 ± 0.013 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.7.
0.643 ± 0.010 OUR AVERAGE	
0.64 ± 0.01	PIERCE 83 ASPK + 2.1 $K^- p$
0.74 ± 0.06	MERRILL 81 HBC 0 3.2 $K^- p$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •	
0.48 ± 0.15	2 LYNCH 81 HBC ± 2.7 $\pi^- p$
• 2 Data has questionable background subtraction.	

Our best value for branching fraction as determined from data averaging, fitting, evaluating, limit selection, etc. This list is basically a compact summary of results in the Branching Ratio section below.

$\Gamma(K\bar{K})/\Gamma(3\pi)$	Γ_2/Γ_1
0.348 ± 0.013 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.7.
0.35 ± 0.05	PIERCE 83 ASPK + 2.1 $K^- p$
0.535 ± 0.030 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.7.
0.50 ± 0.03	MERRILL 81 HBC 0 3.2 $K^- p$

Branching ratio in terms of partial decay mode(s) Γ_i above.

$\Gamma(\eta(\text{neutral decay})\pi^\pm)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$0.71\Gamma_3/\Gamma$
VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%
<3.5	[95]
PIERCE 83	ASPK + 2.1 $K^- p$
H. Fenner et al.	
J.H. Pierce	
G.R. Lynch et al.	
D.W. Merrill et al.	

Partial list of author(s) in addition to first author.

Quantum number determinations in this reference.

Institution(s) of author(s). (See abbreviations on next page.)