

$\chi_{b0}(2P)$

$I^G(J^{PC}) = 0^+(0^{++})$
J needs confirmation.

Observed in radiative decay of the $\Upsilon(3S)$, therefore $C = +$. Branching ratio requires E1 transition, M1 is strongly disfavored, therefore $P = +$.

$\chi_{b0}(2P)$ MASS

VALUE (MeV)

DOCUMENT ID

10232.5 ± 0.4 ± 0.5 OUR EVALUATION

From γ energy below, using $\Upsilon(3S)$ mass =

10355.2 ± 0.5 MeV

$m_{\chi_{b1}(2P)} - m_{\chi_{b0}(2P)}$

VALUE (MeV)

DOCUMENT ID

TECN

COMMENT

23.8 ± 1.7

LEES

14M

BABR

$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\mu^+\mu^-$

γ ENERGY IN $\Upsilon(3S)$ DECAY

VALUE (MeV)

EVTS

DOCUMENT ID

TECN

COMMENT

121.9 ± 0.4 OUR EVALUATION

Treating systematic errors as correlated

122.2 ± 0.5 OUR AVERAGE

Error includes scale factor of 1.4. See the ideogram below.

$121.55 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.46$

ARTUSO

05

CLEO $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma X$

123.0 ± 0.8

4959

¹ HEINTZ

92

CSB2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

124.6 ± 1.4

17

² HEINTZ

92

CSB2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \gamma\gamma$

$122.3 \pm 0.3 \pm 0.6$

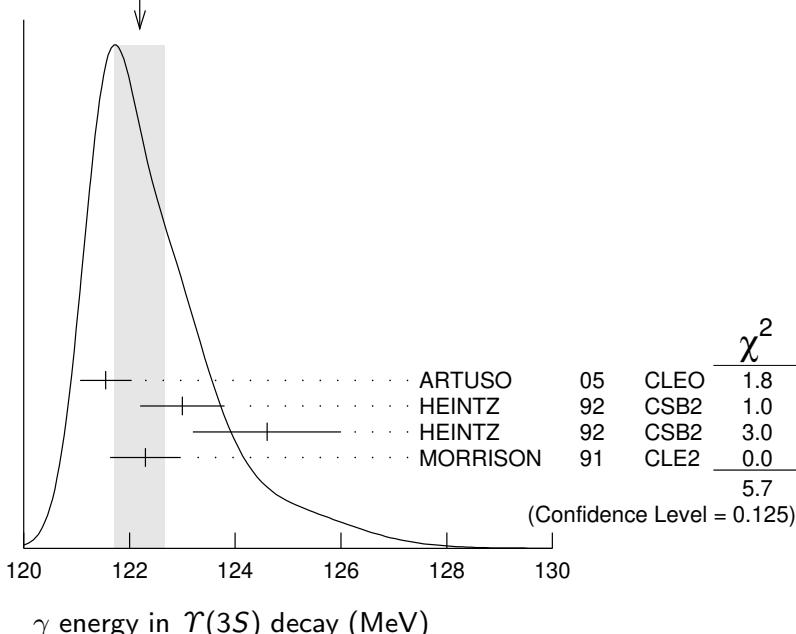
9903

MORRISON

91

CLE2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

WEIGHTED AVERAGE
 122.2 ± 0.5 (Error scaled by 1.4)



γ energy in $\Upsilon(3S)$ decay (MeV)

¹ A systematic uncertainty on the energy scale of 0.9% not included. Supersedes NARAIN 91.

²A systematic uncertainty on the energy scale of 0.9% not included. Supersedes HEINTZ 91.

$\chi_{b0}(2P)$ DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level
$\Gamma_1 \gamma \Upsilon(2S)$	$(1.38 \pm 0.30) \%$	
$\Gamma_2 \gamma \Upsilon(1S)$	$(3.8 \pm 1.7) \times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_3 D^0 X$	$< 8.2 \%$	90%
$\Gamma_4 \pi^+ \pi^- K^+ K^- \pi^0$	$< 3.4 \times 10^{-5}$	90%
$\Gamma_5 2\pi^+ \pi^- K^- K_S^0$	$< 5 \times 10^{-5}$	90%
$\Gamma_6 2\pi^+ \pi^- K^- K_S^0 2\pi^0$	$< 2.2 \times 10^{-4}$	90%
$\Gamma_7 2\pi^+ 2\pi^- 2\pi^0$	$< 2.4 \times 10^{-4}$	90%
$\Gamma_8 2\pi^+ 2\pi^- K^+ K^-$	$< 1.5 \times 10^{-4}$	90%
$\Gamma_9 2\pi^+ 2\pi^- K^+ K^- \pi^0$	$< 2.2 \times 10^{-4}$	90%
$\Gamma_{10} 2\pi^+ 2\pi^- K^+ K^- 2\pi^0$	$< 1.1 \times 10^{-3}$	90%
$\Gamma_{11} 3\pi^+ 2\pi^- K^- K_S^0 \pi^0$	$< 7 \times 10^{-4}$	90%
$\Gamma_{12} 3\pi^+ 3\pi^-$	$< 7 \times 10^{-5}$	90%
$\Gamma_{13} 3\pi^+ 3\pi^- 2\pi^0$	$< 1.2 \times 10^{-3}$	90%
$\Gamma_{14} 3\pi^+ 3\pi^- K^+ K^-$	$< 1.5 \times 10^{-4}$	90%
$\Gamma_{15} 3\pi^+ 3\pi^- K^+ K^- \pi^0$	$< 7 \times 10^{-4}$	90%
$\Gamma_{16} 4\pi^+ 4\pi^-$	$< 1.7 \times 10^{-4}$	90%
$\Gamma_{17} 4\pi^+ 4\pi^- 2\pi^0$	$< 6 \times 10^{-4}$	90%

$\chi_{b0}(2P)$ BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(\gamma \Upsilon(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	Γ_1/Γ
1.38 ± 0.30 OUR AVERAGE	
$1.31 \pm 0.27^{+0.13}_{-0.12}$	^{3,4} LEES 14M BABR $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \gamma \mu^+ \mu^-$
$3.6 \pm 1.6 \pm 0.3$	^{3,5} HEINTZ 92 CSB2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \gamma \gamma$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •	
< 2.8	⁶ LEES 11J BABR $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow X \gamma$
< 8.9	⁷ CRAWFORD 92B CLE2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \gamma \gamma$

³ Assuming $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.93 \pm 0.17)\%$.

⁴ LEES 14M reports $[\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \Upsilon(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P))] = (7.7 \pm 1.6) \times 10^{-4}$ which we divide by our best value $B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P)) = (5.9 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

⁵ Recalculated by us. HEINTZ 92 quotes $B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P)) \times B(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \Upsilon(2S)) = (0.28 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.03)\%$ using $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.44 \pm 0.10)\%$. Supersedes HEINTZ 91.

⁶ LEES 11J quotes a central value of $\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \Upsilon(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}} = (-0.3 \pm 0.2^{+0.5}_{-0.4})\%$.

⁷ Using $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.37 \pm 0.26)\%$, $B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \gamma \Upsilon(2S)) \times 2 B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) < 1.19 \times 10^{-4}$, and $B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \chi_{b0}(2P) \gamma) = 0.049$.

$\Gamma(\gamma \Upsilon(1S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_2/Γ

VALUE (%)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.38±0.17 OUR AVERAGE				
0.36±0.17±0.03	8,9,10	LEES	14M	BABR $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\mu^+\mu^-$
0.9 ± 0.7 ± 0.1	9,11	HEINTZ	92	CSB2 $e^+e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\gamma\gamma$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<1.2	90	¹² LEES	11J	BABR $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow X\gamma$
<2.5	90	¹³ CRAWFORD	92B	CLE2 $e^+e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\gamma\gamma$

⁸ LEES 14M quotes $\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \Upsilon(1S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b0}(2P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ = $(2.1 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-4}$ combining the results from $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\mu^+\mu^-$ samples with and without photon conversions.

⁹ Assuming $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$.

¹⁰ LEES 14M reports $[\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \Upsilon(1S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b0}(2P))] = (2.1 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-4}$ which we divide by our best value $B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b0}(2P)) = (5.9 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

¹¹ Recalculated by us. HEINTZ 92 quotes $B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b0}(2P)) \times B(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \Upsilon(1S)) = (0.05 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.01)\%$ using $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.57 \pm 0.05)\%$. Supersedes HEINTZ 91.

¹² LEES 11J quotes a central value of $\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \Upsilon(1S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b0}(2P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}} = (3.9 \pm 2.2^{+1.2}_{-0.6}) \times 10^{-4}$.

¹³ Using $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.57 \pm 0.07)\%$, $B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma \Upsilon(1S)) \times 2 B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) < 0.63 \times 10^{-4}$, and $B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \chi_{b0}(2P)\gamma) = 0.049$.

 $\Gamma(D^0 X)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_3/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<8.2 × 10⁻²	90	14,15 BRIERE	08	CLEO $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma D^0 X$

¹⁴ For $p_{D^0} > 2.5$ GeV/c.

¹⁵ The authors also present their result as $(4.1 \pm 3.0 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-2}$.

 $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^- K^+ K^- \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_4/Γ

VALUE (units 10 ⁻⁴)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.34	90	16 ASNER	08A	CLEO $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-K^+K^-\pi^0$

¹⁶ ASNER 08A reports $[\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-K^+K^-\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b0}(2P))] < 2 \times 10^{-6}$ which we divide by our best value $B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b0}(2P)) = 5.9 \times 10^{-2}$.

 $\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^- K^- K_S^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_5/Γ

VALUE (units 10 ⁻⁴)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.5	90	17 ASNER	08A	CLEO $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma 2\pi^+\pi^-K^-K_S^0$

¹⁷ ASNER 08A reports $[\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow 2\pi^+\pi^-K^-K_S^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b0}(2P))] < 3 \times 10^{-6}$ which we divide by our best value $B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b0}(2P)) = 5.9 \times 10^{-2}$.

$\Gamma(2\pi^+ \pi^- K^- K_S^0 2\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_6/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<2.2	90	18 ASNER	08A CLEO	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma 2\pi^+ \pi^- K^- 2\pi^0$
18 ASNER 08A reports $[\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow 2\pi^+ \pi^- K^- K_S^0 2\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P))] < 13 \times 10^{-6}$ which we divide by our best value $B(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P)) = 5.9 \times 10^{-2}$.				

$\Gamma(2\pi^+ 2\pi^- 2\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_7/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<2.4	90	19 ASNER	08A CLEO	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma 2\pi^+ 2\pi^- 2\pi^0$
19 ASNER 08A reports $[\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow 2\pi^+ 2\pi^- 2\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P))] < 14 \times 10^{-6}$ which we divide by our best value $B(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P)) = 5.9 \times 10^{-2}$.				

$\Gamma(2\pi^+ 2\pi^- K^+ K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_8/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<1.5	90	20 ASNER	08A CLEO	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma 2\pi^+ 2\pi^- K^+ K^-$
20 ASNER 08A reports $[\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow 2\pi^+ 2\pi^- K^+ K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P))] < 9 \times 10^{-6}$ which we divide by our best value $B(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P)) = 5.9 \times 10^{-2}$.				

$\Gamma(2\pi^+ 2\pi^- K^+ K^- \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_9/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<2.2	90	21 ASNER	08A CLEO	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma 2\pi^+ 2\pi^- K^+ K^- \pi^0$
21 ASNER 08A reports $[\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow 2\pi^+ 2\pi^- K^+ K^- \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P))] < 13 \times 10^{-6}$ which we divide by our best value $B(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P)) = 5.9 \times 10^{-2}$.				

$\Gamma(2\pi^+ 2\pi^- K^+ K^- 2\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{10}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<11	90	22 ASNER	08A CLEO	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma 2\pi^+ 2\pi^- K^+ K^- 2\pi^0$
22 ASNER 08A reports $[\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow 2\pi^+ 2\pi^- K^+ K^- 2\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P))] < 63 \times 10^{-6}$ which we divide by our best value $B(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P)) = 5.9 \times 10^{-2}$.				

$\Gamma(3\pi^+ 2\pi^- K^- K_S^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{11}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<7	90	23 ASNER	08A CLEO	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma 3\pi^+ 2\pi^- K^- K_S^0 \pi^0$
23 ASNER 08A reports $[\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow 3\pi^+ 2\pi^- K^- K_S^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P))] < 39 \times 10^{-6}$ which we divide by our best value $B(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P)) = 5.9 \times 10^{-2}$.				

$\Gamma(3\pi^+ 3\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{12}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.7	90	24 ASNER	08A CLEO	$\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma 3\pi^+ 3\pi^-$
$^{24} \text{ASNER 08A reports } [\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow 3\pi^+ 3\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P))] < 4 \times 10^{-6} \text{ which we divide by our best value } B(\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P)) = 5.9 \times 10^{-2}.$				

$\Gamma(3\pi^+ 3\pi^- 2\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{13}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<12	90	25 ASNER	08A CLEO	$\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma 3\pi^+ 3\pi^- 2\pi^0$
$^{25} \text{ASNER 08A reports } [\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow 3\pi^+ 3\pi^- 2\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P))] < 72 \times 10^{-6} \text{ which we divide by our best value } B(\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P)) = 5.9 \times 10^{-2}.$				

$\Gamma(3\pi^+ 3\pi^- K^+ K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{14}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<1.5	90	26 ASNER	08A CLEO	$\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma 3\pi^+ 3\pi^- K^+ K^-$
$^{26} \text{ASNER 08A reports } [\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow 3\pi^+ 3\pi^- K^+ K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P))] < 9 \times 10^{-6} \text{ which we divide by our best value } B(\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P)) = 5.9 \times 10^{-2}.$				

$\Gamma(3\pi^+ 3\pi^- K^+ K^- \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{15}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<7	90	27 ASNER	08A CLEO	$\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma 3\pi^+ 3\pi^- K^+ K^- \pi^0$
$^{27} \text{ASNER 08A reports } [\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow 3\pi^+ 3\pi^- K^+ K^- \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P))] < 43 \times 10^{-6} \text{ which we divide by our best value } B(\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P)) = 5.9 \times 10^{-2}.$				

$\Gamma(4\pi^+ 4\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{16}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<1.7	90	28 ASNER	08A CLEO	$\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma 4\pi^+ 4\pi^-$
$^{28} \text{ASNER 08A reports } [\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow 4\pi^+ 4\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P))] < 10 \times 10^{-6} \text{ which we divide by our best value } B(\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P)) = 5.9 \times 10^{-2}.$				

$\Gamma(4\pi^+ 4\pi^- 2\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{17}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<6	90	29 ASNER	08A CLEO	$\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma 4\pi^+ 4\pi^- 2\pi^0$
$^{29} \text{ASNER 08A reports } [\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow 4\pi^+ 4\pi^- 2\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P))] < 38 \times 10^{-6} \text{ which we divide by our best value } B(\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P)) = 5.9 \times 10^{-2}.$				

$\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \Gamma(1S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_2/\Gamma \times \Gamma_{22}^{\Gamma(3S)}/\Gamma^{\Gamma(3S)}$

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<8.2	90	30 LEES	11J BABR	$\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow X\gamma$
$^{30} \text{LEES 11J quotes a central value of } \Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \Gamma(1S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}} = (3.9 \pm 2.2^{+1.2}_{-0.6}) \times 10^{-4} \text{ and derives a 90\% CL upper limit of } B(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \Gamma(1S)) < 1.2\% \text{ using } B(\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P)) = (5.9 \pm 0.6)\%.$				

$B(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \Upsilon(1S)) \times B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P)) \times B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-)$

VALUE (units 10^{-5})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.4±0.9 OUR AVERAGE			
$1.7^{+1.5}_{-1.4}{}^{+0.1}_{-1.2}$	31 LEES	14M BABR	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\mu^+\mu^-$
$1.3\pm1.0\pm0.3$	32 HEINTZ	92 CSB2	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\ell^+\ell^-$
31 From a sample of $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\mu^+\mu^-$ with one converted photon.			
32 Calculated by us. HEINTZ 92 quotes $B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b0}(2P)) \times B(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \Upsilon(1S)) = (0.05 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.01)\%$ using $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.57 \pm 0.05)\%$.			

 $[B(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \Upsilon(1S)) \times B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P))] / [B(\chi_{b1}(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \Upsilon(1S)) \times B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b1}(2P))]$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.71±0.80			
33 LEES	14M BABR	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\mu^+\mu^-$	
33 From a sample of $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\mu^+\mu^-$ without converted photons.			

 $\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \Upsilon(2S)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$
 $\Gamma_1 / \Gamma \times \frac{\Gamma_{22}^{(3S)}}{\Gamma_{22}^{(3S)}}$

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<1.6	90	34 LEES	11J BABR	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow X\gamma$
34 LEES 11J quotes a central value of $\Gamma(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \Upsilon(2S)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} \times \Gamma(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P)) / \Gamma_{\text{total}} = (-0.3 \pm 0.2^{+0.5}_{-0.4})\%$ and derives a 90% CL upper limit of $B(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \Upsilon(2S)) < 2.8\%$ using $B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P)) = (5.9 \pm 0.6)\%$.				

 $B(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \Upsilon(2S)) \times B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P)) \times B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-)$

VALUE (units 10^{-5})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
4.4±1.6 OUR AVERAGE			
$6.6^{+4.9}_{-4.0}{}^{+2.0}_{-0.3}$	35 LEES	14M BABR	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\mu^+\mu^-$
$4.0\pm1.7\pm0.3$	36 HEINTZ	92 CSB2	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\ell^+\ell^-$
35 From a sample of $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\mu^+\mu^-$ with one converted photon.			
36 Calculated by us. HEINTZ 92 quotes $B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b0}(2P)) \times B(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \Upsilon(2S)) = (0.28 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.03)\%$ using $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (1.44 \pm 0.10)\%$.			

 $[B(\chi_{b0}(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \Upsilon(2S)) \times B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b0}(2P))] / [B(\chi_{b1}(2P) \rightarrow \gamma \Upsilon(2S)) \times B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi_{b1}(2P))]$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
3.31±0.56			
37 LEES	14M BABR	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\mu^+\mu^-$	
37 From a sample of $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\mu^+\mu^-$ without converted photons.			

 $\chi_{b0}(2P)$ REFERENCES

LEES	14M	PR D90 112010	J.P. Lees <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
LEES	11J	PR D84 072002	J.P. Lees <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
ASNER	08A	PR D78 091103	D.M. Asner <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BRIERE	08	PR D78 092007	R.A. Briere <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ARTUSO	05	PRL 94 032001	M. Artuso <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)

CRAWFORD	92B	PL B294 139	G. Crawford <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
HEINTZ	92	PR D46 1928	U. Heintz <i>et al.</i>	(CUSB II Collab.)
HEINTZ	91	PRL 66 1563	U. Heintz <i>et al.</i>	(CUSB Collab.)
MORRISON	91	PRL 67 1696	R.J. Morrison <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
NARAIN	91	PRL 66 3113	M. Narain <i>et al.</i>	(CUSB Collab.)
